
	INSTITUCIÓN EDUCATIVA ANTONIO JOSÉ DE SUCRE <i>“Formando ciudadanos competentes con responsabilidad social”</i>	
10°	Humanidades Lengua Extranjera (HLE)	2025

-Los respectivos exámenes escritos / orales serán realizarán a partir de la primera semana escolar luego del receso de mitad de año. Se realizarán en dos momentos, en diferentes fechas, uno para examen escrito y otra para examen oral.

-Los diferentes ejercicios requieren de la identificación de estructuras, tiempos, verbos, además la preparación de pronunciación.

-Cada punto indica en **negrilla** la forma en la que será evaluado.

I. Read the following text, study it **for written test**.

Every weekday, Sarah starts her day at 6:30 AM. She begins with a morning jog around her neighborhood, which usually lasts for about 30 minutes. After her jog, Sarah takes a quick shower and then prepares a healthy breakfast, typically consisting of oatmeal, fresh fruit, and a cup of green tea. By 7:30 AM, she is ready to start her workday from her home office.



Sarah works as a graphic designer for a marketing company. Her workday begins at 8:00 AM, and she spends the first hour checking emails and setting up her tasks for the day. Sarah often has virtual meetings with her colleagues and clients throughout the day. She takes a break for lunch at around 12:30 PM, usually enjoying a salad or a light sandwich. In the afternoon, she focuses on creative projects, designing advertisements and promotional materials.

Sarah's workday ends at 5:00 PM. After work, she likes to unwind by reading a book or practicing yoga. Sometimes, she meets up with friends for dinner or goes for a walk in the park. By 9:00 PM, Sarah starts winding down for the night. She spends some time watching her favorite TV shows before going to bed at around 10:30 PM, ready to rest and recharge for the next day.

II. Use the last text as an example to organize your daily routine, practice **for the speaking test** use visual aids to support your presentation.

III. Read the following text, study it **for written test** and **reading aloud**.

Last weekend, Mark and his friends went on a camping trip to the mountains. They left early on Saturday morning to avoid traffic. The drive took about three hours, and they arrived at the campsite around 10:00

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AM. The weather was perfect, with clear skies and a gentle breeze. They quickly set up their tents and then decided to go for a hike.

During the hike, they saw many beautiful sights. They followed a trail that led them to a stunning waterfall. Mark took many photos of the scenery, and they all enjoyed the sound of the rushing water. After spending some time at the waterfall, they had a picnic lunch with sandwiches, fruit, and cookies. Everyone felt relaxed and happy.

In the evening, they gathered around a campfire. They roasted marshmallows and shared stories. The sky was clear, and they could see many stars. Mark and his friends stayed up late, enjoying each other's company. The next morning, they packed up their things and headed back home. It was a memorable trip for all of them.



- IV. Read the following text and prepare a **two-minute oral presentation** reporting what the text says.

Democracy in Colombia

Colombia, located in South America, has a rich history of democratic governance. The country gained its independence from Spain in 1810, and since then, it has undergone various political transformations. The current democratic system in Colombia is based on the 1991 Constitution, which established the country as a unitary republic. This constitution guarantees fundamental rights and freedoms for all citizens, including the right to vote, freedom of expression, and equality before the law.

The political structure of Colombia is divided into three branches: the executive, the legislative, and the judicial. The executive branch is headed by the President, who is elected for a four-year term and can be re-elected once. The legislative branch consists of a bicameral Congress, composed of the Senate and the House of Representatives. The judicial branch includes various courts, with the Constitutional Court being the highest authority on constitutional matters.

Elections in Colombia are held regularly and are overseen by the National Electoral Council. Citizens aged 18 and older are eligible to vote. The electoral process in Colombia is generally considered free and fair,

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although there have been instances of electoral fraud and corruption in the past. Political participation is vibrant, with numerous political parties representing a wide range of ideologies. Major parties include the Liberal Party, the Conservative Party, and the Democratic Center.

Colombia has faced significant challenges in its democratic development, including internal conflict, drug trafficking, and social inequality. Despite these challenges, the country has made notable progress in recent years. Peace agreements with guerrilla groups, such as the Revolutionary Armed Forces of Colombia (FARC), have been a crucial step towards stabilizing the nation. Efforts to strengthen democratic institutions and promote transparency continue to be a priority for the Colombian government and civil society.